Baseline and Updated Estimates for the NPRA

The following table shows the baseline and updated figures from 2001 through 2013 using the estimated 1997 NPRA as a baseline:

Year	Consumer Price Index for Urban Area (CPI-U) ¹		NPRA
	Estimate	Increase ²	
1997 (Base Year)	161.6		\$67,688
2001	176.2	9.03%	\$73,800
2002	178.8	10.64%	\$74,890
2003	184.2	13.99%	\$77,158
2004	187.4	15.97%	\$78,498
2005	193.3	19.62%	\$80,968
2006	199.8	23.64%	\$83,689
2007	205.352	27.07%	\$86,011
2008	213.528	32.13%	\$89,436
2009	212.709	31.63%	\$89, 098
2010	217.631	34.66%	\$91, 148
2011	223.467	38.28%	\$93, 598

2012	229.392	41.94%	\$96,083
2013	232.773	44.04%	\$97, 497

- 1. Consumer price index. Bureau of labor statistics series id: CUUR000SAO Website: www.bls.gov;
- 2. Increases are computed relative to the CPI-U for the baseline year.

Methodology: Computing the NPRA

The NPRA is updated for the calculation of DME payments. The basic formula includes computing the percent increase in CPI-U and using that percent to adjust the 1997 baseline value estimated for 1997.

Specifically:

1997 Base year
$$NPRA = $67,688$$

For 2008, the percent increase in CPI-U is as follows:

For 2009, the percent increase in CPI-U is as follows:

For 2010, the percent increase in CPI-U is as follows:

Percent Increase in CPI-U =
$$\underline{217.613 - 161.6} = 34.66 \%$$

 161.6
NPRA $2010 = (\$67, 688 \times 1.3466) = \$91, 148$

For 2011, the percent increase in CPI-U is as follows:

Percent Increase in CPI-U =
$$\underline{223.467 - 161.6} = 38.28 \%$$

161.6

For 2012, the percent increase in CPI-U is as follows:

NPRA
$$2012 = (\$67, 688 \times 1.4195) = \$96, 083$$

For 2013, the percent increase in CPI-U is as follows:

Percent Increase in CPI-U=
$$\underline{232.773 - 161.6} = 44.04\%$$

161.6

NPRA
$$2013 = (\$67, 688 \times 1.4404) = \$97, 497$$